## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1.-19. (Canceled)
- 20. (Currently amended) A method of detecting metastasis at a site distal from a primary tumor in a human comprising: a) administering to a the human a detectably labeled ligand which specifically recognizes VEGF; and b) detecting the labeled ligand in the human; and c) determining the level of labeled ligand that is bound to VEGF, wherein a level of labeled ligand that is greater than the level of the labeled ligand determined from a person not suffering from cancer denotes an abnormal increase in expression of VEGF, and wherein the abnormal increase in VEGF expression is an indicator of metastasis in the human. abnormal presence of the labeled ligand indicates overexpression of VEGF at a site distal from the primary tumor and further indicates the presence of metastasis in the human.
- 21. (Currently amended) The method of claim 20, wherein the <u>an abnormal</u> increase in expression overexpression of VEGF is determined using an anti-VEGF antibody.
- 22. (Currently amended) The method of claim 20, wherein the <u>an abnormal</u> increase in expression of VEGF is determined using a VEGF receptor fusion protein or VEGF receptor conjugated protein.
- 23. (Currently amended) The method of claim 20, wherein the presence of the labeled ligand is detected using a method entailing X-ray, CAT-scan or MRI.
- 24. (Currently amended) The method of claim 20, further comprising detecting the level co-expression with VEGF of a tyrosine kinase receptor receptors involved in angiogenesis with VEGF.

- 25. (Currently amended) The method of claim 24 wherein the tyrosine kinase receptors are chosen from the group consisting of the *KDR/flk-1* receptor, the *flt-1* receptor, and and/or the *tek/tie-2* receptor.
  - 26. (Canceled)
- 27. (Currently amended) The method of claim 25, wherein the site distal from a primary tumor is a body fluid, selected from the group consisting of urine, lymph and cerebrospinal fluid from the human, is used to determine the level of the labeled ligand.